LASER SENSORS

SENSOR OPTIONS SIMPLE SAVING UNITS WIRE-SAVING SYSTEMS

MEASUREMENT SENSORS

STATIC CONTROL DEVICES LASER MARKERS

PLC

FNFRGY MANAGEMENT SOLUTIONS

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FA COMPONENTS

MACHINE VISION SYSTEMS

UV CURING SYSTEMS

Selection Guide

Liquid Leak Detection

Liquid Level Detection Water

Detection Color Mark Detection

Ultrasonic

Obstacle Detection

LX-100 FZ-10

Small / Slim Object Detection

Wafer Detection

PHOTOELECTRIC SENSORS MICRO PHOTOELECTRIC **SENSORS** AREA SENSORS SAFETY LIGHT CURTAINS / SAFETY COMPONENTS PRESSURE / FLOW SENSORS INDUCTIVE PROXIMITY **SENSORS**

Color Detection Fiber Sensor

FIBER SENSORS Related Information General terms and conditions...... F-3

■ Glossary of terms......P.1549~

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■ General precautions...... P.1552~





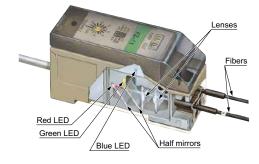




Reliable and precise color discrimination

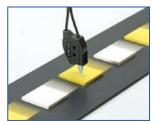
Red, green and blue LEDs

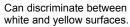
FZ-10 incorporates red, green and blue LEDs as its beam sources, which promise longer lifetime and greater immunity against extraneous light than incandescent lamps and are also maintenance free.



Excellent color detectability

Each of the red, green and blue components is digitally processed so that precise color discrimination is possible.







Dully gold-plated surface is detected.

speed production line, due to its response time of 1 ms.

Easy set up

Just pressing a button recognizes the reference color you want to detect as the criterion. There are two methods to set the criterion, manual teaching and autoteaching. The tolerance adjuster also allows you to set the tolerance of color equivalence in 16 grades.

Manual teaching

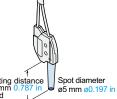
Place an object bearing the reference color under the fiber head and press the teaching button.

Auto-teaching

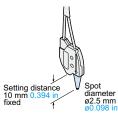
Keep pressing the teaching button until an object bearing the reference color travels past the fiber head.

Four types of fibers are available

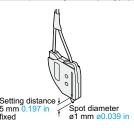
FD-L51 (Standard type)



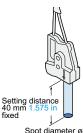
FD-L52 (High precision type)



FD-L53 (Extremely small spot type)



FD-L54 (Long sensing range type)



Spot diameter ø8 mm ø0.315 in

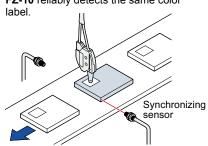
High-speed response time: 1 ms

Small traveling objects can be sensed even on a high-

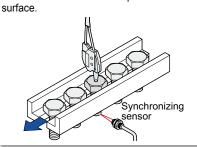
APPLICATIONS

Detecting labels on different colored objects

Even if objects are differently colored, **FZ-10** reliably detects the same color label

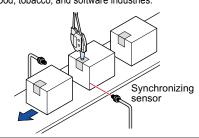


Evaluating if objects are plated or not (Note 1) Its precise color resolution discriminates a bare metal surface from a plated metal



Detecting seals on boxes

It can reliably detect the presence of a seal on every package in the pharmaceutical, cosmetic, food, tobacco, and software industries.



Notes: 1) FD-L52 fiber head (high precision type) or FD-L53 fiber head (extremely small spot type) is recommended for applications in which specular objects, having a high reflective index are to be detected, e.g., evaluating if metal objects are plated or not.

FD-L54 fiber head (long sensing range type) is recommended for applications where the object wavers on the assembly line.

2) FZ-10 may not be able to detect color depending on object shape, color, glossiness, etc. Please test before actual use and contact our office if you have any questions.

ORDER GUIDE

Amplifiers

Туре	Appearance	Model No.	Emitting element	Output
NPN output type		FZ-11	Red LED Green LED Blue LED	NPN open-collector transistor
PNP output type		FZ-11P		PNP open-collector transistor

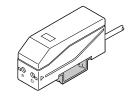
Fibers

Туре	Appearance	Sensing range (Note)	Setting distance	Spot diameter	Fiber cable length	Model No.
Standard	00	14 to 24mm 0.511 to 0.945 in	20 mm 0.787 in (fixed)	ø5 mm ø0.197 in (at the setting distance)	1 m 3.281 ft	FD-L51
High precision	00	8 to 11mm 0.315 to 0.433 in	10 mm 0.394 in (fixed)	ø2.5 mm ø0.098 in (at the setting distance)	1 m 3.281 ft	FD-L52
Extremely small spot	00	4 to 6mm 0.157 to 0.236 in	5 mm 0.197 in (fixed)	ø1 mm ø0.039 in (at the setting distance)	1 m 3.281 ft	FD-L53
Long sensing range		30 to 50mm 0.181 to 1.969 in	40 mm 1.575 in (fixed)	ø8 mm ø0.315 in (at the setting distance)	1 m 3.281 ft	FD-L54

Note: The sensing range of each fiber is the range for which white non-glossy paper can be detected at the sensitivity for which teaching has been done with a white non-glossy paper (50 × 50 mm 1.969 × 1.969 in) at the respective rated setting distance and at the 16th grade (▲ mark) of tolerance.

Accessory

• MS-DIN-3 (Amplifier mounting bracket)



Notice General-purpose fibers can also be combined

Color difference distinction by combining general-purpose fibers FD-62/61G/61/42G and FZ-10 series amplifiers is also possible.

General-purpose fibers have a small tip, and are a free-cut type that where you can cut the fiber length to the desired length, so they can be installed small spaces.

• FD-62 Setting distance: 8mm 0.315 in (fixed)

→ 17mm -

• FD-61G / FD-61 Setting distance: 5mm 0.197 in (fixed)

→ 17mm +

• FD-42G
Setting distance:
4mm 0.157 in (fixed)

M4 → 25mm ← 0.984 in

Note: They cannot be used for applications requiring detection precision.

FIBER SENSORS

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ELECTRIC SENSORS MICRO PHOTO-

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Amplifiers

SPECIFICATIONS

/	Туре	NPN output	PNP output			
Item	Model No.	FZ-11	FZ-11P			
CE marking directive compliance		EMC Directive, RoHS Directive				
Applicable fibers		FD-L51, FD-L52, FD-L53, FD-L54				
Supply voltage		12 to 24 V DC ±10 % Ripple P-P 10 % or less				
Current consumption		45 mA or less				
Sensing object		Opaque or translucent object larger than the spot diameter of the applicable fiber (Note 2)				
Output		NPN open-collector transistor • Maximum sink current: 100 mA • Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between output and 0 V) • Residual voltage: 1 V or less (at 100 mA sink current) 0.4 V or less (at 16 mA sink current)	PNP open-collector transistor • Maximum source current: 100 mA • Applied voltage: 30 V DC or less (between output and +V) • Residual voltage: 1 V or less (at 100 mA source current) 0.4 V or less (at 16 mA source current)			
	Utilization category	DC-12 or DC-13				
	Output operation	Switchable either Coincident-ON or Incoincident-ON				
	Short-circuit protection	Incorporated				
Resp	oonse time	1 ms or less (3 ms or less when auto-teaching has been engaged)				
Indicators		Power indicator: Green LED (lights up when the power is ON, blinks during auto-teaching) Operation indicator: Red LED (lights up when the output is ON) * Both blink alternately when a manual teaching error occurs Both blink simultaneously when the output is short-circuited				
Time	er function	Approx. 40 ms fixed OFF-delay timer (switchable either effective or ineffective)				
Teac	ching	Button operation, Switchable either manual-teaching or auto-teaching				
Tole	rance	Adjustable in 16 grades with the tolerance adjuster				
	Pollution degree	3 (Industrial environment)				
nce	Ambient temperature	-10 to +55 °C +14 to +131 °F (No dew condensation or icing allowed) (Note 3), Storage: -20 to +70 °C -4 to +158 °F				
Environmental resistance	Ambient humidity	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH				
al G	Ambient illuminance	Incandescent light: 3,000 & or less at the light-receiving face				
ment	Voltage withstandability	1,000 V AC for one min. between all supply term	ninals connected together and enclosure (Note 4)			
ironi	Insulation resistance	20 MΩ, or more, with 250 V DC megger between all supply terminals connected together and enclosure (Note 4)				
En	Vibration resistance	10 to 150 Hz frequency, 0.75 mm 0.030 in double amplitude in X, Y and Z directions for two hours each				
	Shock resistance	100 m/s² acceleration (10 G approx.) ir	x, Y and Z directions three times each			
Emitting element		Red LED / Green LED / Blue LED (Peak emission wavelength: 644 nm 0.025 mil / 525 nm 0.021 mil / 470 nm 0.019 mil, modulated)				
Material		Enclosure: ABS, Case cover: Polycarbonate, Fiber lock lever: PPS				
Cable		0.2 mm ² 3-core cabtyre cable, 2 m 6.562 ft long				
Cabl	e extension	Extension up to total 100 m 328.084 ft is possible with 0.3 mm², or more, cable.				
Weight		Net weight: 85 g approx.				
Accessories		MS-DIN-3 (Amplifier mounting bracket): 1 pc., Adjusting screwdriver: 1 pc.				
lotoo	. 1) Mhara magairemant a	anditions have not been enseified presidely the conditions wood	were an ambient temperature of 122 °C 172 4 °F			

Notes: 1) Where measurement conditions have not been specified precisely, the conditions used were an ambient temperature of +23 °C +73.4 °F.

- 2) Make sure to confirm detection with an actual sensor before use.
- 3) The amplifier should be used under the ambient temperature of +15 to +35 °C +59 to +95 °F when the tolerance adjuster is set from the 1st grade to the 4th grade, which provide fine color resolution.
- 4) The voltage withstandability and the insulation resistance values given in the above table are for the amplifier only.

SPECIFICATIONS

Fibers

	Туре	Standard	High precision	Extremely small spot	Long sensing range		
Item	Model No.	FD-L51	FD-L52	FD-L53	FD-L54		
Applicable amplifiers		FZ-11, FZ-11P					
Sensing range (Note 2)		14 to 24 mm 0.511 to 0.945 in	8 to 11 mm 0.315 to 0.433 in	4 to 6 mm 0.157 to 0.236 in	30 to 50 mm 0.181 to 1.969 in		
Setting distance		20 mm 0.787 in (fixed)	10 mm 0.394 in (fixed)	5 mm 0.197 in (fixed)	40 mm 1.575 in (fixed)		
Spot diameter (at setting distance)		ø5 mm ø0.197 in	ø2.5 mm ø0.098 in	ø1 mm ø0.039 in	ø8 mm ø0.315 in		
Allowable bending radius		R25 mm R0.984 in or more (Note 3)					
Fiber cable length		1 m 3.281 ft					
Ambient temperature		-20 to +70 °C −4 to +158 °F (No dew condensation or icing allowed), Storage: -20 to +70 °C −4 to +158 °F					
Ambient humidity	/	35 to 85 % RH, Storage: 35 to 85 % RH					
Material		Fiber core: Acrylic, Sheath: Polyethylene, Fiber head: Polycarbonate, Lens: Polyalylate (FD-L54: Acrylic)					
Weight Net weight: 15 g approx.			15 g approx.				

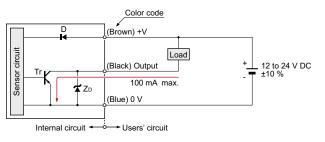
Notes: 1) Where measurement conditions have not been specified precisely, the conditions used were an ambient temperature of +23 °C +73.4 °F

- 2) The sensing range of each fiber is the range for which white non-glossy paper can be detected at the sensitivity for which teaching has been done with a white non-glossy paper (50 × 50 mm 1.969 × 1.969 in) at the respective rated setting distance and at the 16th grade (▲ mark) of tolerance.
- 3) If the fiber cable is bent at less than R25 mm R0.984 in or less, the detectability may deteriorate.
- 4) Since fiber **FD-L51** (standard type) is easily affected by specular reflection, it is possible that teaching may not be properly done or sensing may be unstable if objects of high reflectivity (mirror, plated objects, copper foil, etc.) are sensed. When such objects are to be sensed, please use **FD-L52** (high precision type) or **FD-L53** (extremely small spot type) and make sure that the projected optical beam is perpendicular to the object surface.

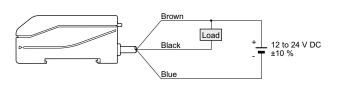
I/O CIRCUIT AND WIRING DIAGRAMS

FZ-11 NPN output type

I/O circuit diagram



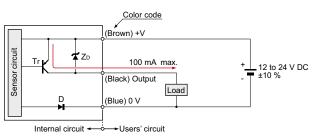
Wiring diagram



Symbols ... D : Reverse supply polarity protection diode ZD: Surge absorption zener diode Tr : NPN output transistor

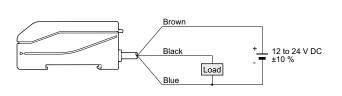
FZ-11P PNP output type

I/O circuit diagram



Symbols ... D : Reverse supply polarity protection diode ZD: Surge absorption zener diode Tr : PNP output transistor

Wiring diagram



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LX-100 FZ-10

PRECAUTIONS FOR PROPER USE

Amplifier



· Never use this product as a sensing device for personnel protection.

· In case of using sensing devices for personnel protection, use products which meet laws and standards, such as OSHA, ANSI or IEC etc., for personnel protection applicable in each region or country.

Setting

• During teaching, the FZ-10 series resolves the color projected by the spot into red, green, and blue components which are processed as numerical values and stored into the EEPROM memory. If, during teaching, the spot Emitting spot area is not filled by one uniform color, such as when the target objects are smaller than the spot area, or are partly projected upon, then colors other than the one you want to detect may also be sensed. Make sure that objects fill the whole spot area during teaching, as well as, sensing. Workpiece

The taught data is saved in the EEPROM even when the sensor power supply is switched off. However, the guaranteed rewrite operations are limited to 100,000 times because of its lifetime.

To manipulate the DIP switches, use a pair of tweezers, etc., with a tip width of 0.8 mm 0.031 in approx.

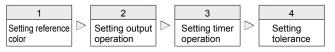
Precise sensing

range

Tolerance

adjuster

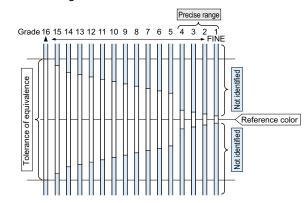
Procedure



Setting tolerance

- · The tolerance adjuster determines the tolerance of equivalence with respect to the reference color in 16 grades.
- · Set the arrow mark of the adjuster to the desired grade from 1st to 16th using the adjusting screwdriver.
- · When the grade is changed, the output is turned ON, once, for resetting.
- Even if the grade is changed, the reference color taught earlier does not change until the sensor is taught again.
- When performing auto-teaching, it is possible that teaching may fail depending upon the tolerance grade. If this happens, change the tolerance grade and repeat the teaching.

• For 16th to 5th grade, color identification is done based upon the color (red, green, blue) component ratio. For 4th to 1st grade (precise range), brightness is also considered for color identification. Hence, when the adjuster is set to the FINE side (4th to 1st grade), minute differences in gloss or color shades are also detected.



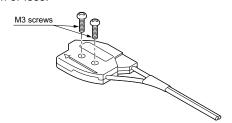
Others

- Do not use during the initial transient time (0.5 sec.) after the power supply is switched on.
- · Periodical teaching should be done to maintain stable sensing condition.

Fiber

Mounting

· Mount with two M3 screws with a tightening torque of 0.5 N·m or less.



 Several fiber heads of FD-L51, FD-L52, FD-L53 and FD-L54 can be mounted close together as long as their emitted spots do not overlap.

Others

- If the bending radius is smaller than the allowable value, the sensing performance may deteriorate.
- · Wipe dirt or stains from the sensing faces with a soft cloth. Do not use any organic solvent for cleaning.
- · Ensure that any strong extraneous light is not incident on the receiving face of the fiber head.
- · Do not move or bend the fiber cable after the sensitivity setting. Detection may become unstable.
- · Keep the fiber head surface intact. If it is scratched or spoiled, the detectability will deteriorate.
- Do not expose the fiber cable to any organic solvents.
- Ensure that the fiber head is not directly exposed to water. A water drop on the fiber head deteriorates the
- Do not apply excessive tensile force to the fiber cable.

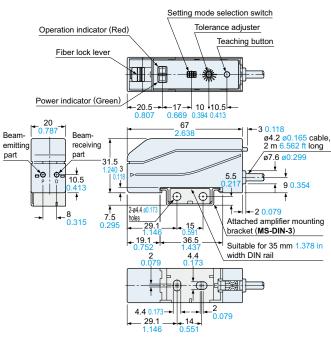
DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm in)

The CAD data can be downloaded from our website.

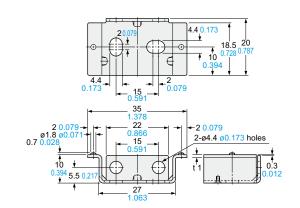
FZ-11 FZ-11P

Amplifier

Assembly dimensions with attached amplifier mounting bracket



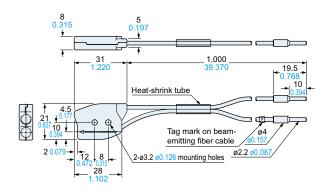
MS-DIN-3 Amplifier mounting bracket (Accessory for amplifier)



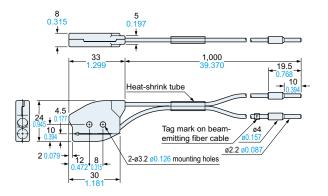
Material: Cold rolled carbon steel (SPCC) (Uni-chrome plated)

Note: The top view is shown without the cover.

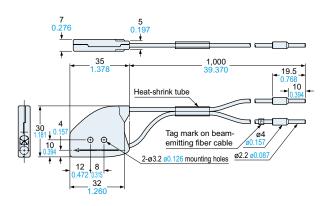
FD-L51



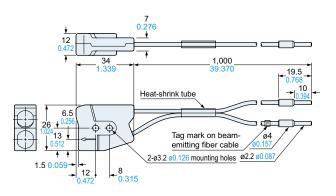
FD-L52



FD-L53 Fiber



FD-L54 Fiber



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