# Panasonic INSTRUCTION MANUAL

# **Compact-size Picking Area Sensor NA1-PK3 Series**

MJEC-NA1PK3 No 0063-12V

Thank you very much for purchasing Panasonic products. Read this Instruction Manual carefully and thoroughly for the correct and optimum use of this product. Kindly keep this manual in a convenient place for quick reference.

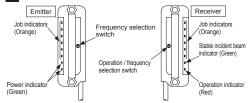
### ♠ WARNING

- If this product is used as a sensing device for personnel protection, serious body injury or death could result
- Never use this product as a sensing device with any press machine. shearing machine, roll grinding machine, forming machine, vulcanizer, or robot etc. for protection of a hand or a part of the body.
- This product does not include a self-checking circuit for safety functions necessary to allow its use as a safety device. Thus, a system failure or malfunction can result in either an energized or a de-energized output condition.
- When this product is used as a sensing device in the following applications and if a problem relating to 'law' or 'product liability' occurs, Our company shall not be liable for the failure and for the damage or less.
- Use of this product installed to a machinery or a device as a sensing device to detect a hand or a part of the operator's body entering a dangerous area and stop the machinery or the device.
- 2) Installation of this product to a protection device for preventing to enter a dangerous area and use of this as a sensing device which detects a hand or a part of the operator's body and open / close the door or window.
- 3) Use of this product as a sensing device for personnel protection (including interlock).
- For sensing devices to be used as safety devices for press machines or for personnel protection, use products which meet standards, such as OSHA, ANSI or IEC etc., for personnel protection applicable in each region or country.
- . In case of using as a safety device for press machines in Japan, use a product approved by the Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare of Japan.

# 1 STANDARDS / REGULATIONS

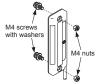
• This product complies with the standards / regulations below <European Directives> **FMC Directive** 

# 2 PART DESCRIPTION



## 3 MOUNTING

 Use M4 screws with washers and M4 nuts. The tightening torque should be 0.5N·m or less. (Please arrange the screws and the nuts separately.)



• The sensor protection bracket (MS-NA3-3) (optional) is also available.

#### Mounting method

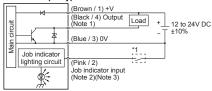
- 1. Insert the sensor protection bracket (MS-NA3-3) from upwards of the sensor body, and match the position of the mounting holes of the sensor body and the sensor protection bracket (MS-NA3-3).
- 2. Mount with the M4 screws with washers and the M4 nuts enclosed with the sensor protection bracket (MS-NA3-3). The tightening torque should be 0.5N·m or



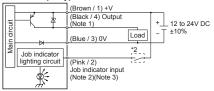
MS-NA3-3

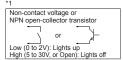
#### 4 I/O CIRCUIT DIAGRAMS

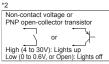
#### NPN output type



#### PNP output type



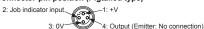




Notes: 1) The emitter does not incorporate the output.

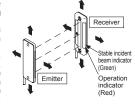
- 2) If a mating cable (CN-24-C□) is connected to the pigtailed type (NA1-PK3- J), then the lead wire color is "white"
- 3) When the job indicator is used as a large size operation indicator, connect the job indicator input wire (pink) of the emitter and receiver to the output wire (black) of the receiver

#### Connector-pin position (Pigtailed type)



## 5 BEAM ALIGNMENT

- 1. Place the emitter and the receiver face to face along a straight line.
- 2. After the cables have been correctly connected, switch the power ON.
- 3. Move the emitter in the up, down, left and right directions. in order to determine the range of the beam received condition with the help of the operation indicator (red) on the receiver. Then, set the emitter at the center of this range.



- 4. Similarly, adjust for up, down, left and right angular movement of the emitter.
- 5. Further, perform the angular adjustment for the receiver also.
- 6. Check that the stable incident beam indicator (green) lights up.
- 7 Interrupt each beam channel with the actual sensing object, and confirm that the sensor operates correctly.

Note: The stable incident beam indicator (green) lights up when all the three beams are stably received by the receiver.

### **6** SELECTION OF OUTPUT OPERATION

• The output operation can be selected by the operation / frequency selection switch on the receiver. (Make sure to set the switch in the power supply off condition.)

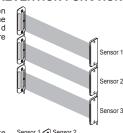
|      | State of operation / frequency selection switch | Output operation                            |
|------|---|---|
| L-ON | FREQ. 2 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON                       | OFF when one or more beams are interrupted. |
| NO-Q | FREQ. 2 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON                       | ON when one or more beams are interrupted.  |

Notes: 1) Selection of the output operation and the frequency for the receiver is carried out with the same switch. When the output operation is set, be sure to select the same frequency No. of the emitter and the receiver.

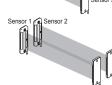
2) In case the operation / frequency selection switch is set to the position other than 1, 2 or 3, the state of the receiver is in D-ON / frequency 1.

### 7 INTERFERENCE PREVENTION FUNCTION

· By setting different emission frequencies, three sets of the sensors can be mounted closely as shown on the figure



• However, if the sensors are mounted closely as shown on the figure right, up to 2 sets of sensors are possible



#### Frequency setting

· Set the both emitting and receiving frequency of Sensor 1 to FREQ 1, the both emitting and receiving frequency of Sensor 2 to FREQ. 2 and the both emitting and receiving frequency of Sensor 3 to FREQ 3. (Make sure to set the switch in the power supply off condition.)

|           |      | Emitter                    | Receiver                               |  |
|-----------|------|----------------------------|--|--|
|           |      | Frequency selection switch | Operation / frequency selection switch |  |
| Sensor 1  | L-ON | 1 FREQ.                    | FREQ. 2 3 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON            |  |
| Sensor    | D-ON | 1 FREQ.                    | FREQ. 2 3 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON            |  |
| Sensor 2  | L-ON | 1 FREQ.                    | FREQ. 2 3 2 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON          |  |
| Sensor 2  | D-ON | 1 FREQ.                    | FREQ. 2 3 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON            |  |
| Sensor 3  | l-on | 1 FREQ.                    | FREQ. 2 3 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON            |  |
| Selisof 3 | D-ON | 1 FREQ.                    | FREQ. 2 3 FREQ. D-ON 1 L-ON            |  |

Notes: 1) Take care that selection of the output operation and the frequency for the receiver is carried out with the same switch.

2) In case the frequency switch and the operation / frequency selection switch is set to the position other than 1, 2 or 3, the state of the emitter is in frequency 1 and that of the receiver is in D-ON / frequency 1.

## 8 CAUTIONS

- This product has been developed / produced for industrial use only.
- Make sure that the power supply is off while wiring and operation of the selection switch.
- · Take care that wrong wiring may damage the sensor.
- Verify that the supply voltage variation is within the rating.
- Do not use during the initial transient time (0.5 sec.) after the power supply is switched on.

- If power is supplied from a commercial switching regulator, ensure that the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the power supply is connected to an actual ground
- In case noise generating equipment (switching regulator, inverter motor, etc.) is used in the vicinity of the sensor, connect the frame ground (F.G.) terminal of the equipment to an actual ground.
- Extension up to total 100m is possible with 0.3mm<sup>2</sup>, or more, cable for both emitter and receiver. However, in order to reduce noise, make the wiring as short as possible.
- . Do not run the wires together with high-voltage lines or power lines or put them in the same raceway. This can cause malfunction due to induction.
- Take care that the sensor is not directly exposed to fluorescent lamp from a rapid-starter lamp, a high frequency lighting device or sunlight etc., as it may affect the sensing performance.
- · Avoid dust, dirt, and steam.
- . Take care that the product does not come in contact with water, oil, grease, organic solvents, such as thinner, etc., strong acid or alkaline.
- Make sure to use an isolation transformer for the DC power supply. If an auto-transformer (single winding transformer) is used, this product or the power supply may get damaged.
- . In case a surge is generated in the used power supply, connect a surge absorber to the supply and absorb the surge.
- The emitter and the receiver must face each other correctly. If they are set upside down, the sensor does not work.
- In order to turn the switches, a flat-head screwdriver is required. (The blade should be 2.5 × 0.6mm or less)

NPN output

PNP output

This sensor is suitable for indoor use only.

### 9 SPECIFICATIONS

| Туре             |                  |  |                       |  |   |  |
|------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------|--|---|--|
|                  |                  | 2m cable   | 5m cable              | 2m cable   | 5m cable  |  |
|                  |                  | length type  |                       | length type  | length type   |  |
| Model No. (1     | Note 1)          | NA1-PK3  | NA1-PK3-C5            | NA1-PK3-PN   | NA1-PK3-PN-C5   |  |
| Sensing heigh    | ght              | 49.2mm   |                       |  |   |  |
| Sensing ran      | ge               |  | 30 to 3               | 800mm  |   |  |
| Beam pitch       |                  | 24.6mm   |                       |  |   |  |
| Number of be     | am channels      |  | 3 beam                | channels   |   |  |
| Sensing obje     | ect              | ø29mm or more opaque object  |                       |  |   |  |
| Supply volta     | ge               | 12 to 24V DC±10% Ripple P-P 10% or less  |                       |  |   |  |
| Current cons     | sumption         | Emitter: 3   | 30mA or less,         | Receiver: 50m  | A or less   |  |
| Output           |                  | Maximum sin     Applied vo 30V DC or less (b     Residual v 1V or less (at 1)  | etween output and OV) | Maximum sour     Applied vo<br>30V DC or less (b     Residual v 1V or less (at 10) | rce current: 100mA<br>ltage:<br>etween output and +V) |  |
| Output operation |                  | ON or OFF when one or more beam channels are<br>interrupted, selectable by a switch  |                       |  |   |  |
|                  | uit protection   | Incorporated   |                       |  |   |  |
| Response ti      | me               | 10ms or less (when interference prevention is used: 30ms or less)  |                       |  |   |  |
|                  | Emitter          | Power indicator: Green LED (lights up when the power is ON) Job indicator: Orange LED [lights up when the job indi- cator input is Low (PNP output: lights up when High)]  |                       |  |   |  |
| Indicators       | Receiver         | Operation indicator: Red LED (lights up when the output is Of<br>Stable incident beam indicator: Green LED<br>(lights up when the all beams are stably receive<br>Job indicator: Orange LED (lights up when the job inc<br>cator input is Low (PNP output: lights up when High)) |                       |  |   |  |
| Interference pre | vention function |  |                       |  |   |  |
| Ambient tem      | peratuer         | -10 to +55°C (No dew condensation or icing allowed)<br>Storage: -20 to +70°C   |                       |  |   |  |
| Ambient hur      | nidity           | 35 to 85% RH, Storage: 35 to 85% RH  |                       |  |   |  |
| Emitting eler    | ment             | Infrared LED (synchronized scanning system)  |                       |  |   |  |
| Material         |                  | Enclosure: Heat-resistant ABS, Lens: Acrylic<br>Indicator cover: Acrylic   |                       |  |   |  |
| Cable            |                  | <2m cable length type><br>0.2mm² 4-core (emitter. 3-core) oil resistant cabtyre cable, 2m long<br><5m cable length type><br>0.2mm² 4-core (emitter. 3-core) oil resistant cabtyre cable, 5m long   |                       |  |   |  |
|                  |                  | U.2mm 4-core (   | emiller. 3-core) o    |  | e cable, offi long                                    |  |

Notes: 1) The model No, with suffix "-J" is pigtailed type, (cable length: 0.3m) Model No · NA1-PK3(-PN)-.I

> For the cable connected with the nintailed type, use the connection cable CN-24-C2 (cable length; 2m) (optional) or CN-24-C5 (cable length; 5m) (optional)

2) For details, refer to "7 INTERFERENCE PREVENTION FUNCTION

### Panasonic Industrial Devices SUNX Co., Ltd.

https://panasonic.net/id/pidsx/global Overseas Sales Division (Head Office)

2431-1 Ushiyama-cho, Kasugai-shi, Aichi, 486-0901, Japan Phone: +81-568-33-7861 FAX: +81-568-33-8591

For sales network, please visit our website

© Panasonic Industrial Devices SUNX Co., Ltd. 2018 PRINTED IN JAPAN